


ELECTRIC SHOCK: WHAT TO DO

1  In the following text about the procedures to be followed in case of *electric shock* the paragraphs are in the wrong order. Rearrange them in the correct sequence.

- a. Never touch the person receiving the electric shock, or you could have one, too.
- b. After removing the person from the source of electricity, if the person is unconscious, call for an ambulance immediately. Only those with the necessary knowledge and skill should carry out first aid.
- c. Additional problems might include deep burns, muscle damage and broken bones.
- d. Start with separating the person from the source of electricity as quickly as possible. The best way of doing this is to turn off the supply, for example, by unplugging the appliance or by turning the power off.
- e. In the worst case, an electric shock may lead to a condition known as electroporation, where cells within the body break, leading to tissue death.
- f. If this isn't possible, then try to remove the source of electricity from the person using a piece of insulating material, such as a stick of wood.
- g. If the person is conscious and seems well, it is advisable to monitor their condition, as the effects of an electric shock may not be immediately obvious.

